

# Safety Data Sheet 75396

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 01/01/2001 Revision date: 10/01/2013 Supersedes: 07/23/2013

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Product name : Citrate-Cyanide Reducing Solution

Product code : LC13130

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : For laboratory and manufacturing use only.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LabChem Inc

Jackson's Pointe Commerce Park Building 1000, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court

Zelienople, PA 16063 - USA T 412-826-5230 - F 724-473-0647 info@labchem.com - www.labchem.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS-US** classification

Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) H301
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) H312
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist) H332
Skin Corr. 1C H314
Eye Dam. 1 H318
Skin Sens. 1 H317
Carc. 2 H351

# 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)









Version: 2.0

GHS05

GHS07

GHS0

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray

P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

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P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: None.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w	(CAS No) 1336-21-6	66.7	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	17.64	Not classified
Ammonium Citrate, Dibasic	(CAS No) 3012-65-5	13.33	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Potassium Cyanide	(CAS No) 151-50-8	1.33	Acute Tox. 2 (Oral), H300 Acute Tox. 2 (Dermal), H310 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation), H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous	(CAS No) 7757-83-7	0.67	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride	(CAS No) 5470-11-1	0.33	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1.	Description	of first	aid mea	asures
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First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Suspected of causing cancer.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

 Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Harmful in contact with skin.

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Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage

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Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health

hazard.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hospitalize at once. Specific treatment is necessary. Inhalation of amyl nitrate for 15-30 seconds/minute may be life-saving.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing. Combined gas/dust mask with filter type B/P3.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

## 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect

spillage. Store away from other materials.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after

handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be

allowed out of the workplace.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : incompatible

materials, Heat sources, Direct sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

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Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)		
USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 5 as CN		5 as CN
Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w (1336-21-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³

Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w (1336-21-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	25 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	35 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity

of any potential exposure. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Alarm

detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Colour : Colourless.

Odour : characteristic. Ammoniacal.

Odour threshold No data available No data available Нα Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) No data available Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point No data available Self ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available No data available Vapour pressure Relative vapour density at 20 °C No data available Relative density No data available Solubility Soluble in water. Log Pow No data available Log Kow No data available Viscosity, kinematic No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available Explosive properties No data available Oxidising properties No data available

# 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Explosive limits** 

Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours.

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No data available

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#### 10.2. **Chemical stability**

Not established.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

### **Conditions to avoid**

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

### Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

Hydrogen cyanide. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Gaseous ammonia.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

: Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. Acute toxicity

Citrate-Cyanide Reducing Solution	
LD50 oral rat	240 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	460 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	3.73 mg/l/4h

Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)	
LD50 oral rat	7.5 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	14 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous (7757-83-7)	
LD50 oral rat	2610 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.5 mg/l/4h

Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride (5470-11-1)		
LD50 oral rat	200 - 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	400 - 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	

Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w (1336-21-6)	
LD50 oral rat	350 ma/ka

Water (7732-18-5)		
	LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

: Causes serious eye damage. Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous (7757-83-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

: Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential Adverse human health effects and

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. symptoms Symptoms/injuries after inhalation Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if

inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Harmful in contact with skin.

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Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health

hazard.

0.001 mg/l

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Citrate-Cyanide Reducing Solution

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LC50 fishes 1	0.012 mg/l
Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)	
LC50 fishes 1	0.043 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	1 - 10 mg/l (96 h)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.53 - 1.9 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	0.42 - 0.45 mg/l (48 h; Lepomis macrochirus)
TLM fish 1	0.49 ppm (48 h; Brachydanio rerio)
TLM fish 2	0.45 - 0.57,96 h; Lepomis macrochirus
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	1 - 10,96 h; Pseudomonas putida; Toxicity test

Sodium	Sulfite	Anhydrous (7757-83-7)	

Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2

Threshold limit algae 1

LC50 fishes 1 220 - 460 mg/l

Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride (5470-11-1)		
LC50 fishes 1	7.2 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	1.62 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Estimated value)	

0.03 mg/l (192 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Cyanide ion)

Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w (1336-21-6)		
LC50 fishes 1	0.16 - 1.1 mg/l (96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Solution >=50%)	
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	1 - 10 mg/l (96 h; Solution >=50%)	
LC50 fish 2	0.75 - 3.4 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Solution >=50%)	
TLM fish 1	47 ppm (48 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Cool water)	
TLM fish 2	34 ppm (48 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Warm water)	
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	1 - 10,96 h; Solution >=50%	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Citrate-Cyanide Reducing Solution	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.614 g O²/g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	(7 day(s)) 0	

# Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous (7757-83-7)

Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride (5470-11-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable	

Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w (1336-21-	6)
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Ozonation in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the components of the mixture available. Ozonation in the air.
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Water (7732-18-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
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Citrate-Cyanide Reducing Solution		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Ammonium Citrate, Dibasic (3012-65-5)		
Log Pow	-2.84	
Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous (7757-83-7)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride (5470-11-1)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w (1336-21-6)		
Log Pow	-1.3	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1935 Cyanide solutions, n.o.s. (Potassium Cyanide), 6.1, III

UN-No.(DOT) : 1935 DOT NA no. : UN1935

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Cyanide solutions, n.o.s.

Potassium Cyanide

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

: 6.1 - Class 6.1 - Poisonous materials 49 CFR 173.132

Hazard labels (DOT) : 6.1 - Poison inhalation hazard

6

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP13 - Self-contained breathing apparatus must be provided when this hazardous material is transported by sea.

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) 153 DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 60 L (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 220 L

CFR 175.75)

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

**DOT Vessel Stowage Other** : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters",52 - Stow "separated from" acids

**Additional information** 

Other information : No supplementary information available.

**ADR** 

Transport document description

### Transport by sea

No additional information available

# Air transport

No additional information available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Citrate-Cyanide Reducing Solution	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Ammonium Citrate, Dibasic (3012-65-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's	5000 lb
List of Lists):	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on SARA Section 302 (Specific toxic chemical listings) Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists):	10 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Reactive hazard

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Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous (7757-83-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride (5470-11-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w (1336-21-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	1000 lb
Water (7732-18-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

# 15.2. International regulations

## CANADA

CANADA		
Citrate-Cyanide Reducing Solution		
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material	
Ammonium Citrate, Dibasic (3012-6	5-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	C Sustances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	Sustances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material	
Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous (7757-83	1-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	c Sustances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	cation Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride (5470	l <del>-</del> 11-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	c Sustances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material	
Ammonium Hydroxide, 28-30% w/w	(1336-21-6)	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	Sustances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

# **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

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## 15.2.2. National regulations

# Ammonium Citrate, Dibasic (3012-65-5)

Not listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

# Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

## Sodium Sulfite, Anhydrous (7757-83-7)

Not listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

### Hydroxylamine Hydrochloride (5470-11-1)

Not listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

# Water (7732-18-5)

Not listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

# 15.3. US State regulations

Potassium Cyanide (151-50-8)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
			Yes	

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 2 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 2
Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 2
Acute Tox. 2 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — AcuteHazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals, Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Skin, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H300	Fatal if swallowed
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H310	Fatal in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled

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# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

H332	Harmful if inhaled
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or

residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

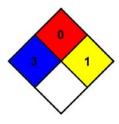
given.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated

temperatures and pressures or may react with water with

some release of energy, but not violently.



## **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

given

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 1 Slight Hazard

Personal Protection : H

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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