

# Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 12/30/2014

Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid  
Product code : LC13541

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : For laboratory and manufacturing use only.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LabChem Inc  
Jackson's Pointe Commerce Park Building 1000, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court  
Zelienople, PA 16063 - USA  
T 412-826-5230 - F 724-473-0647  
[info@labchem.com](mailto:info@labchem.com) - [www.labchem.com](http://www.labchem.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 3 H226  
Skin Corr. 1B H314  
Eye Dam. 1 H318  
Carc. 2 H351  
Aquatic Acute 3 H402  
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS05

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :  
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :  
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed  
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge  
P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray  
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

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P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), powder, alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish  
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Acetic Acid	(CAS No) 64-19-7	99	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Gentian Violet	(CAS No) 548-62-9	1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Suspected of causing cancer.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smoking.

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No naked lights. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Hygiene measures : Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/... equipment. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources., Ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers. metals. Strong bases.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
Acetic Acid (64-19-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
Gentian Violet (548-62-9)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	

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### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Personal protective equipment	: Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
Hand protection	: Wear protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate mask.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Purple
Odor	: Vinegar odour
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 118 °C
Flash point	: 40 °C Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 1.06 g/ml
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture : • Acetic Acid: • Gentian Violet: 50 g/l
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 2.18 cSt
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with (some) bases: release of heat.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

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### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers. metals. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid	
LD50 oral rat	3141 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	3141.000 mg/kg body weight

Gentian Violet (548-62-9)	
ATE US (oral)	500.000 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water : Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
LC50 fish 1	75 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)
EC50 Daphnia 1	47 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Not neutralized)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	> 5000 mg/l (5 h; Activated sludge)
LC50 fish 2	94 mg/l (96 h; Oryzias latipes)
EC50 Daphnia 2	95 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Static system)
TLM fish 1	100 ppm (96 h; Carassius auratus)
Threshold limit algae 1	90 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa; Neutralized)
Threshold limit algae 2	4000 mg/l (192 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Neutralized)

Gentian Violet (548-62-9)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.24 - 5 mg/l 48 hr.
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	0.025 - 0.8 72 hr., Psuedokirchneriella subcapitata

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Inherently biodegradable. Biodegradable in the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 0.74 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.03 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance

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Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
ThOD	1.07 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.56 - 0.69 % ThOD
Gentian Violet (548-62-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Log Pow	-0.31 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.
Gentian Violet (548-62-9)	
Log Pow	1.172
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Surface tension	0.028 N/m (20 °C)

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	:
Effect on the global warming	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations.
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN2789 Acetic acid solution, 8, II
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN2789
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Acetic acid solution
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 - Corrosive 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger
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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: A3 - For combination packaging, if glass inner packaging (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging. A6 - For combination packaging, if plastic inner packaging are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging. A7 - Steel packaging must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion. A10 - When aluminum or aluminum alloy construction materials are used, they must be resistant to corrosion. B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 30 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

### Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### ADR

No additional information available

### Transport by sea

No additional information available

### Air transport

No additional information available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Not listed on the United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb
<b>[4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylamino) benzhydrylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene]dimethylammonium chloride</b> (C.I. Basic Violet 3) [with ≥ 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] <b>(548-62-9)</b>	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

Crystal Violet, 1% w/v in Glacial Acetic Acid	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class E - Corrosive Material

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class E - Corrosive Material
[4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylamino) benzhydrylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene]dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Violet 3) [with ≥ 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (548-62-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
[4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylamino) benzhydrylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene]dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Violet 3) [with ≥ 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (548-62-9)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

## SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects



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NFPA health hazard

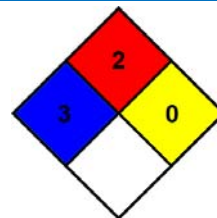
: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 2 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high temperature before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability

: 2 Moderate Hazard

Physical

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection

: H

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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