

Date of issue: 10/16/2013 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the sub	stance/mixture and of the comp	bany/undertaki	ng
1.1. Product identifier Product form	: Mixture		
Product name	: Sodium Hydroxide, 24% w/v		
Product code	: LC24100		
		inct	
Use of the substance/mixture	tance or mixture and uses advised agai : For laboratory and manufacturing use		
		only.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety LabChem Inc	data sheet		
Jackson's Pointe Commerce Park Building 1000 Zelienople, PA 16063 - USA T 412-826-5230 - F 724-473-0647 info@labchem.com - www.labchem.com	, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court		
1.4. Emergency telephone number			
Emergency number	: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-7	703-527-3887	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification			
2.1. Classification of the substance or m	nixture		
GHS-US classification Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318			
2.2. Label elements			
GHS-US labelling			
Signal word (GHS-US) Hazard statements (GHS-US) Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	GHS05 GHS05 Danger H314 - Causes severe skin burns and P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vap P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly P280 - Wear eye protection, face prote P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or ha clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower P304+P340 - IF INHALED: remove vic	after handling ection, protective cl : rinse mouth. Do N air): Remove/Take	OT induce vomiting off immediately all contaminated
2.3. Other hazards	for breathing P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse c lenses, if present and easy to do. Cont P310 - Immediately call a POISON CE P363 - Wash contaminated clothing be P405 - Store locked up P501 - Dispose of contents/container to	tinue rinsing INTER or doctor/ph efore reuse	ysician
Other hazards not contributing to the	: None.		
classification			
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US) No data available			
SECTION 3: Composition/informatio	n on ingredients		
3.1. Substance			
Not applicable			
Full text of H-phrases; see section 16			
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16			
3.2. Mixture			
	Product identifier (CAS No) 7732-18-5	<b>%</b> 80.27	GHS-US classification

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Sodium Hydroxide	(CAS No) 1310-73-2	19.73	Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measure	s
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Abdominal pain. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Nausea. Possible esophageal perforation.
Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration	: Not available.
Chronic symptoms	: Not available.
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed
Obtain medical assistance.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	S
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray. Foam. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Not available. Do not use a heavy water stream.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the	
Fire hazard	: Not flammable.
	: Not available.
Explosion hazard Reactivity	
Reactivity	: Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. In case of fire: stop leak if safe to do so. When cooling/extinguishing: no water in the substance. Avoid (reject) fire-fighting water to enter environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	: Not available.
SECTION 6: Accidental release n	neasures
6.1. Personal precautions, protectiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Eliminate ignition sources. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatu when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
6.1.1 For non-omorgonou percennel	

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Protective equipment	: Wear chemically protective gloves, lab coat or apron to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact.
Emergency procedures	: Wash contaminated clothes. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep containers closed.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. **Environmental precautions**

For non-emergency personnel

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.1.1.

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6.3. Methods and material for c	ontainment and cleaning up	
For containment	: Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material.	
Methods for cleaning up	: Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.	
6.4. Reference to other sections	3	
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and	personal protection.	
<b>SECTION 7: Handling and sto</b>	prage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handli	ng	
Additional hazards when processed	: May be corrosive to metals.	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Use corrosionproof equipment. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.	
Hygiene measures	: Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	, including any incompatibilities	
Technical measures	: Comply with applicable regulations.	
Storage conditions	: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in original container. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : incompatible materials.	
Incompatible products	: Strong acids. metals.	
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.	
Storage temperature	: 5 - 30 °C	
Prohibitions on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: (strong) acids. metals. metal powders.	
Storage area	: Keep locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep only in the original container.	
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: corrosion-proof.	
Packaging materials	: Do not store in corrodable metal.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
No additional information available		
SECTION & Expective contro		

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters** 8.1.

Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)         USA ACGIH       ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)       2 mg/m³		
		2 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³

### 8.2. **Exposure controls** Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment

: Gloves. Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Head/neck protection. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.



Hand protection	: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Wear protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear appropriate mask.
Thermal hazard protection	: None necessary.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties	

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Physical state : Liquid Appearance : Clear, colorless liquid. Colour : Colourless. Odour : odorless. Odour threshold : No data available

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рН	: ≥14
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Self ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.21 g/ml
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 3.78 cSt
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: No data available

### 9.2. **Other information**

## No additional information available

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.

10.2.	Chemical stability					
Stable u	Stable under normal conditions.					
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions					
Reacts	violently with acids.					
10.4.	Conditions to avoid					
Incompa	tible materials. Extremely high or low temperatures.					
10.5.	Incompatible materials					
metals. Strong acids.						
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products					
Sodium	Sodium oxide. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.					
SECT	SECTION 11: Toxicological information					

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Sodium Hydroxide, 24% w/v	
LD50 dermal rabbit	6842 mg/kg
Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	1350 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature, Rabbit; Literature)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	pH: ≥ 14
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
	pH: ≥ 14
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

		-
Carcinogenicity	:	Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	:	Not classified
exposure)		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	:	Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	:	Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	:	Abdominal pain. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Nausea. Possible esophageal perforation.
Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration	:	Not available.
Chronic symptoms	:	Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information			
12.1. Toxicity			
Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.		
Ecology - water	: Toxic to aquatic life.		
Sodium Hydroxide, 24% w/v			
LC50 fishes 1	230 mg/l		
EC50 Daphnia 1	205 mg/l		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)			
LC50 fishes 1	45.4 mg/l (96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); SOLUTION >=50%)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	40.4 mg/l (48 h; Ceriodaphnia sp.; NOMINAL CONCENTRATION)		
LC50 fish 2	189 mg/l (48 h; Leuciscus idus)		
TLM fish 1	99 mg/l (48 h; Lepomis macrochirus)		
TLM fish 2	125 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis)		
12.2. Persistence and degradability			
Sodium Hydroxide, 24% w/v			
Persistence and degradability	Not established.		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)			
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable		
ThOD	Not applicable		
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Sodium Hydroxide, 24% w/v			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.		
12.4. Mobility in soil			
No additional information available			
12.5. Other adverse effects			
Other adverse effects	: May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.		
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.		

ccording to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday,	
SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	15
13.1.         Waste treatment methods           Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
In accordance with DOT	
14.1. UN number	
UN-No.(DOT)	: 1824
DOT NA no.	UN1824
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
DOT Proper Shipping Name	: Sodium hydroxide solution
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (DOT) DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	<ul> <li>II - Medium Danger</li> <li>B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.</li> <li>IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.</li> <li>N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.</li> <li>T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal</li></ul>
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
Marine pollutant	: No
14.3. Additional information	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
State during transport (ADR-RID)	: as liquid.
Overland transport No additional information available	
Fransport by sea	
OOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 52 - Stow "separated from" acids
Air transport OOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail	: 1L
49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 30 L
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1. US Federal regulations			
Sodium Hydroxide, 24% w/v			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard			

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Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	1000 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	

## 15.2. International regulations

### CANADA

Sodium Hydroxide, 24% w/v		
WHMIS Classification Class E - Corrosive Material		
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material	

### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

## Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

### 15.2.2. National regulations

Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List	
15.3. US State regulations	
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	

Indication of changes	: Revision - See : *.	
Other information	: None.	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 1	6:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)		Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 3		Hazardous to the aquatic environment — AcuteHazard, Category 3
Eye Dam. 1		Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A		Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B		Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B
H312		Harmful in contact with skin
H314		Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318		Causes serious eye damage
H402		Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA fire hazard       : 0 - Materials that will not burn.         NFPA reactivity       : 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.         HMIS III Rating         Health         : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and mediagiven	
NFPA reactivity       : 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with some release of energy, but not violently.         HMIS III Rating	I treatment is
NFPA reactivity : 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with	
NEPA fire bazard 0 - Materials that will not burn	>
giron	
residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.	
NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or	

Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 1 Slight Hazard
Personal Protection	: D

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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